MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM PLAN

SUBJECT:	Maths	YEAR GROUP:	10 (Foundation Tier)		
COURSE:	GCSE Mathematics	EXAM BOARD:	Edexcel	STANTONBURY SCHOOL	
SUBJECT INTENT:	In Year 10, students are given the opportunity to develop their understanding of the interconnected nature of maths and apply knowledge acquired at Key Stage 3 in more complex and sophisticated ways. Students will continue to experience problems that go beyond routine and repetition so they will be required to think about what skills or concepts need to be applied in different contexts. Our aim in Year 10 is to help students become more confident and resilient problem solvers by encouraging them to try out different methods and make mistakes to see what works and what doesn't.				
	Students will also be formally introduced to GCSE exama We explore common errors and misconceptions, layout	style questions and wil and workings, commar	have the opportunity to develop their exam technique d words, checking answers, and mastering using a calc	es. ulator.	

Term	Topic	Core learning	Sequencing	Specification link
Autumn Term 1 7 Weeks (28 hrs)	Indices and roots 3 weeks (12 hrs)	 Students will use positive integer, powers and associated roots (square, cube and higher) recognise powers of 2, 3, 4, 5 use index laws. 	Building on Year 8 powers and roots and year 9 square cubes, roots and powers units.	N6, N7, A4
		4. calculate values using negative indices.	Building towards	
		5. calculate with roots.	These skills will be used in numerous topics throughout Year 10 and 11 including,	
	Pythagoras and	Students will	Building on	
	Trigonometry 3 weeks (12 hrs)	 recall formulae for Pythagoras and trigonometric relationships and apply them to find angles and lengths in right-angled triangles in two-dimensional figures. 	An introduction to Pythagoras' Theorem in Year 9	
		2. Solve problems with right- angled Triangles	Building towards	
		without a calculator using exact values.	Being able to solve GCSE problems involving	
			finding angles and lengths in right-angled triangled.	
	Consolidation / Assessmen	t and feedback		
	1 week (4 hours)			

Autumn 2 <i>8 weeks (32 hours)</i>	Algebraic manipulation 3 weeks (12 hrs) Solving linear equations 2 weeks (8 hrs) Simultaneous	 Students will simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions: collecting like terms multiplying out single and double brackets taking out common factors to factorise linear expressions factorising quadratic expressions of the form x² + bx + c, including the difference of square. solve linear equations with one unknown algebraically. solve linear equations with an unknown on both sides algebraically. 	 Building on Expanding, factorising, substitution, simplifying and solving linear equations were covered throughout Key Stage 3. Other topics covered in Key Stage 3 such as angles, area, perimeter Building towards This unit will build towards students solving more complex problems involving algebraic notation including sequences, graphs, quadratic equations, simultaneous equations and inequalities. 	A4, A17, A18, A19
	equations 1 week (4 hours)	 solve two simultaneous equations with two variables. 		
	Consolidation / Asses 1 week (4 hrs) End of Autum term A 1 week (4 hrs)	ssment and feedback ssessment		

Term	Торіс	Core learning	Sequencing	Specification
Spring Term 1 6 Weeks	Coordinates and linear graphs <i>3 weeks (12 hrs)</i>	 Students will work with coordinates in all four quadrants plot graphs of equations that correspond to straight-line graphs. use the form y = mx + c to identify parallel lines find the equation of the line through two given points or through one point with a given gradient. 	 Building on Students were introduced to linear graphs for the first time in Year 9. Students created tables of values, drew graphs, and worked with y = mx+ c. Building towards Students will further develop their knowledge to answer complex Key Stage 4 exam style questions that require strong knowledge of linear functions 	A8, A9, A10, A12, R14
	Ratio 2 weeks (8 hrs)	 Students will use ratio notation, including reduction to simplest form. divide a given quantity into two parts! use ratio to solve geometric, statistical, and number problems. use ratio to solve problems that involve algebraic manipulation. 	 Building on This unit builds on an introduction to proportion and ratio in year 8 and developing their ideas in year 9. Building towards Ratio problems appear in numerous other topics throughout year 10 and 11. 	R5, R6, R7, R8
	Consolidation / Assessmer 1 week (4 hrs)	and feedback		

Term	Торіс	Core learning	Sequencing	Specificati on link
SPRING 2 <i>5 weeks</i>	Inequality 2 weeks (8 hrs)	 Students will order positive and negative integers, decimals and fractions; use the symbols =, ≠, ≤, ≥ Solve linear and quadratic inequalities and use appropriate notation including representing on a number line. 	 Building on Students will build on their knowledge of place value and number lines as well as their equationsolving skills introduced in year 8 and developed in year 9 and earlier in Year 10. Building towards This unit will provide students with skills needed to develop their understanding of number and answer Key Stage 4 exam questions that involve inequalities. 	N1, A22
	Circle 2 weeks (8 hrs)	 Students will identify and apply circle definitions and properties, including: centre, radius, chord, diameter, circumference, tangent, arc, sector and segment know the formulae: circumference of a circle = 2πr = πd, area of a circle = πr² calculate perimeter and area of 2D shapes, including circles and composite shapes Calculate arc lengths and sector area of circles 	 Building on In Year 9 the majority of students will have been introduced to some of the complex properties of a circle; the area and circumference as well as fractions of circles i.e. half, quarter etc. Building towards This unit provide students with the skills to answer complex Key Stage 4 exam questions that involve area, perimeter and parts of circles. 	G9, G17, G18
	Transformation 1 weeks (4 hrs)	Students will identify, describe and construct congruent and similar shapes, including on coordinate axes, by considering rotation, reflection, translation and enlargement (including fractional scale factors)	Building onYear 9 unit on polygons and transformationsBuilding towardsThis unit provide students with the skills to answer complex Key Stage 4 exam questions that involve congruent, similar and transformations of shapes.	G7

Term	Торіс	Core learning	Sequencing	Specification link
Summer Term 1 <i>6 Weeks</i>	Averages 2 weeks (8 hrs)	 Students will work with qualitative, discrete, continuous, grouped, ungrouped, primary and secondary data interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets using averages (median, mean, mode) and spread (range) from a list of data know what an outlier is recognise the advantages and disadvantages of each type of average. use frequency tables to find the mean mode and median of grouped data. Estimate the mean from a frequency table 	 Building on In year 8, students were introduced to the data handling cycle and averages and developed in year 9. Building towards This unit will cover concepts that students will need to apply to fully understand how to compare data, using a range of strategies. 	S4
	Area and Volume 3 weeks (12 hrs)	 Students will 1. know and apply formulae to calculate: a. area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezium, b. surface area of prisms c. volume of cuboids and other regular prisms (including cylinders) d. perimeters of 2D shapes 	 Building on In Year 8 students worked with the area and volume of regular polygons, cubes and cuboids, this included surface area. In year 9 students developed this by introducing circles and cylinders Building towards This unit will deepen students' understanding of volume and surface area in order to solve complex exam style questions. 	G16, G17
	Consolidation / Assessmer 1 week (4 Hrs)	t and feedback		

Term	Торіс	Core learning	Sequencing	Specificati on link
Summer Term 2 7 weeks	Compound measures and rounding 2 weeks (8 Hrs)	 Students will round numbers and measures to an appropriate degree of accuracy use inequality notation to specify simple error intervals due to truncation or rounding. Work with compound measures including unit conversions. Plot and interpret distance-time graphs 	 Building on Students will have been introduced to compound measures in maths and science at Key Stage 3 and studied a unit on accuracy and measures in Year 9. Building towards This unit supports learning in science as well as supporting students in solving GCSE maths questions in numerous topics. 	R1, R11, A14, N15, N16
	Probability and systematic listing 2 weeks (8 Hrs)	 Students will Compare theoretical probabilities with relative frequencies. Complete and use a frequency tree. Know when to add or multiply probabilities. Complete and use a tree diagram and Venn diagram to calculate probabilities of independent and dependent events Apply systematic listing 	 Building on This unit builds on several Key Stage 3 probability units where students studied the concepts of fairness, probabilities, and expectation. Students were introduced to venn diagrams in Year 8 and tree diagrams in Year 9. Building towards This unit will build towards students answering complex Key Stage 4 exam style questions that involve probability. 	P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, N5
	Similarity and Congruence 2 weeks (8 Hrs)	 Students will Identify congruent shapes and understand the conditions for congruent triangles. Understand similarity to make geometric inferences and identify similar shapes. Compare lengths of similar shapes 	 Building on In Year 9 students learnt to identify scale factors and working out missing lengths in similar shapes. This unit also builds on previous units on ratio and enlargements. Building towards This unit will provide students with essential skills needed to access Key Stage 4 exam style questions. 	R9, R16, R16h
	Consolidation / Asses Year 10 Mocks (Paper	ssment and feedback		